



Autumn Term: Vile Victorians		Spring Term: Cracking Coasts	Summer Term: Awesome Africa
English (Objectives from National Curriculum 2014) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Spoken languageReading- word readingReading- comprehensionWriting- TranscriptionHandwritingWriting- CompositionWriting- Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation	Maths (Objectives from National Curriculum 2014) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Number and Place ValueAddition and SubtractionMultiplication and divisionFractionsMeasures, including timeGeometryStatistics	Computing <ul style="list-style-type: none">understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructionscreate and debug simple programsuse logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programsuse technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital contentrecognise common uses of information technology beyond schooluse technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies	Science Working scientifically asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways <ul style="list-style-type: none">observing closely, using simple equipmentperforming simple testsidentifying and classifyingusing their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questionsgathering and recording data to help in answering questions. Living things and their habitats <ul style="list-style-type: none">identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen treesidentify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammalsidentify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivoresdistinguish between an object and the material from which it is madeidentify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rockdescribe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materialscompare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.observe changes across the four seasonsobserve and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.
History <ul style="list-style-type: none">changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national lifeevents beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globallythe lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periodssignificant historical events, people and places in their own locality. Geography Locational knowledge <ul style="list-style-type: none">name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceansname, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas Human and physical geography <ul style="list-style-type: none">use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:<ul style="list-style-type: none">key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weatherkey human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop Geographical skills and fieldwork <ul style="list-style-type: none">use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stageuse simple compass directions and locational and directional language, to describe the location of features and routes on a mapuse aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a keyuse simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. Religious Education (Taken from WCC Agreed Syllabus) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Who is a Christian and what do they believe?Where do I feel safe?Places of WorshipDo we all belong to something? PE <ul style="list-style-type: none">master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activitiesparticipate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defendingperform dances using simple movement patterns		Art <ul style="list-style-type: none">to use a range of materials creatively to design and make productsto use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imaginationto develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and spaceabout the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. DT Design <ul style="list-style-type: none">design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteriagenerate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology Make <ul style="list-style-type: none">select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasksselect from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics Evaluate <ul style="list-style-type: none">explore and evaluate a range of existing productsevaluate their ideas and products against design criteria Technical knowledge <ul style="list-style-type: none">build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stableexplore and use mechanisms, in their products. Cooking and Nutrition <ul style="list-style-type: none">use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishesunderstand where food comes from. Music <ul style="list-style-type: none">use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymesplay tuned and untuned instruments musicallylisten with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded musicexperiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. PSHE <ul style="list-style-type: none">Myself and My Relationships: Self -AwarenessMyself and My Relationships: My RelationshipsSafer Lifestyles: Valuing DifferenceSafer Lifestyles: Rules and RightsMoney: Me in my CommunityMoney: Similarities and DifferencesFeelings: Different EmotionsRelationships: Different familiesOnline Technology Safety: Taking care online: Personal detailsKeeping Safe: In the HouseMy Body: External Body Parts 1Lifecycles: Different agesGender Stereotypes: Similar and Different	



Autumn Term: Toys		Spring Term: Cracking Coasts	Summer Term: Awesome Africa
English (Objectives from National Curriculum 2014) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Spoken languageReading- word readingReading- comprehensionWriting-TranscriptionHandwritingWriting- CompositionWriting- Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation	Maths (Objectives from National Curriculum 2014) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Number and Place ValueAddition and SubtractionMultiplication and divisionFractionsMeasures, including timeGeometryStatistics	Computing <ul style="list-style-type: none">understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructionscreate and debug simple programsuse logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programsuse technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital contentrecognise common uses of information technology beyond schooluse technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies	Science <ul style="list-style-type: none">asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different waysobserving closely, using simple equipmentperforming simple testsidentifying and classifyingusing their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questionsgathering and recording data to help in answering questions.
History <ul style="list-style-type: none">changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national lifeevents beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globallythe lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periodssignificant historical events, people and places in their own locality. Geography <p><i>Locational knowledge</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceansname, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas <p><i>Place knowledge</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country <p><i>Human and physical geography</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Polesuse basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:<ul style="list-style-type: none">key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weatherkey human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop <p><i>Geographical skills and fieldwork</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stageuse simple compass directions and locational and directional language, to describe the location of features and routes on a mapuse aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a keyuse simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. Religious Education (Taken from WCC Agreed Syllabus) <ul style="list-style-type: none">What do we think about God?What is precious to us?What stories are special to us? Music <ul style="list-style-type: none">use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymesplay tuned and untuned instruments musicallylisten with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded musicexperiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. PE <ul style="list-style-type: none">master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activitiesparticipate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defendingperform dances using simple movement patterns		Art <ul style="list-style-type: none">to use a range of materials creatively to design and make productsto use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imaginationto develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and spaceabout the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. DT <p><i>Design</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteriagenerate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology <p><i>Make</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasksselect from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics <p><i>Evaluate</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">explore and evaluate a range of existing productsevaluate their ideas and products against design criteria <p><i>Technical knowledge</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stableexplore and use mechanisms, in their products. Cooking and Nutrition <ul style="list-style-type: none">use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishesunderstand where food comes from PSHE <ul style="list-style-type: none">Myself and My Relationships: Emotional Well-BeingSafer Lifestyles: Dealing with BullyingSafer Lifestyles Helping and Getting HelpDrugs Education Drugs and their usesDrugs Education Keeping HealthyFeelings: What to do if we feel sadRelationships: FriendsGender Stereotypes: ToysOnline Technology Safety: Who can help us?Keeping Safe: i)People who can help me ii)Out and aboutMy Body: External Body parts 2Lifecycles: Looking after babiesMy Body: Keeping clean	Living things <ul style="list-style-type: none">explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been aliveidentify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each otheridentify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitatsdescribe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food. Plants <ul style="list-style-type: none">observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plantsfind out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy. Animals, including humans <ul style="list-style-type: none">notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adultsfind out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survivaldescribe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. Use of everyday materials <ul style="list-style-type: none">identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular usesfind out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.



Autumn Term: World War 2			Spring Term: Rainforests			Summer Term: The Olympics			
English (Objectives from National Curriculum 2014) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Spoken languageReading- word readingReading- comprehensionWriting-TranscriptionHandwritingWriting- CompositionWriting- Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation		Maths (Objectives from National Curriculum 2014) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Number and Place ValueAddition and SubtractionMultiplication and divisionFractionsMeasures, including timeGeometryStatistics		Computing <ul style="list-style-type: none">design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller partsuse sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and outputuse logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programsunderstand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaborationuse search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content			Science Working scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none">asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer themsetting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair testsmaking systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggersgathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questionsrecording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tablesreporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusionsusing results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questionsidentifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processesusing straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.		
Geography Locational knowledge <ul style="list-style-type: none">key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major citiesname and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time Place knowledge <ul style="list-style-type: none">understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom Human and physical geography <ul style="list-style-type: none">describe and understand key aspects of:<ul style="list-style-type: none">physical geography,human geography, Geographical skills and fieldwork <ul style="list-style-type: none">use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studieduse symbols and key to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider worlduse fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.		MFL <ul style="list-style-type: none">listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and respondingexplore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of wordsengage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structuresdevelop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences*read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writingappreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the languagebroaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionarywrite phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearlydescribe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writingunderstand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.		Art <ul style="list-style-type: none">to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideasto improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materialsabout great artists, architects and designers in history. Music <ul style="list-style-type: none">play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expressionimprovise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of musiclisten with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memoryuse and understand staff and other musical notationsappreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musiciansdevelop an understanding of the history of music DT Design <ul style="list-style-type: none">use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groupsgenerate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design Make <ul style="list-style-type: none">select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accuratelyselect from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities Evaluate <ul style="list-style-type: none">investigate and analyse a range of existing productsevaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their workunderstand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world Technical knowledge <ul style="list-style-type: none">apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structuresunderstand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors]apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.					
History <ul style="list-style-type: none">changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Agea local history studythe achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Egypt;		Cooking and Nutrition <ul style="list-style-type: none">understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied dietprepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniquesunderstand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.		PE <ul style="list-style-type: none">use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combinationplay competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defendingdevelop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balanceperform dances using a range of movement patternstake part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a teamcompare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best. Swimming and water safety All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2. In particular, pupils should be taught to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metresuse a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.					
Religious Education (Taken from WCC Agreed Syllabus) <ul style="list-style-type: none">What do different people believe about God?Expression and CelebrationHinduismBeliefsChristianitySpecial Books					Plants <ul style="list-style-type: none">identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowersexplore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plantinvestigate the way in which water is transported within plantsexplore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal. Animals, including humans <ul style="list-style-type: none">identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eatidentify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement. Rocks <ul style="list-style-type: none">compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical propertiesdescribe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rockrecognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter. Light <ul style="list-style-type: none">recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of lightnotice that light is reflected from surfacesrecognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyesrecognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque objectfind patterns in the way that the size of shadows change. Forces and magnets <ul style="list-style-type: none">compare how things move on different surfacesnotice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distanceobserve how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not otherscompare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materialsdescribe magnets as having two polespredict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing.				
PSHE <ul style="list-style-type: none">Myself and My Relationships: Self -AwarenessMyself and My Relationships: My RelationshipsSafer Lifestyles: Valuing DifferenceMoney: Me in my CommunityFeelings: Expressing our feelingsRelationships: What makes a good friend?Keeping Safe: Personal SpaceLifestyles: Growing up and getting olderKeeping Safe: People who can help meOnline technology safety: Photos of myself onlineMy Body: Keeping CleanGender Stereotypes: Jobs we do									



Autumn Term: World War 2			Spring Term: Rainforests			Summer Term: The Olympics			
English (Objectives from National Curriculum 2014) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Spoken languageReading- word readingReading- comprehensionWriting-TranscriptionHandwritingWriting- CompositionWriting- Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation		Maths (Objectives from National Curriculum 2014) <ul style="list-style-type: none">Number and Place ValueAddition and SubtractionMultiplication and divisionFractionsMeasures, including timeGeometryStatistics		Computing <ul style="list-style-type: none">design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller partsuse sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and outputuse logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programsunderstand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaborationuse search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content			Science Working scientifically <ul style="list-style-type: none">asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer themsetting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair testsmaking systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggersgathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questionsrecording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tablesreporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusionsusing results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questionsidentifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processesusing straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. Living things and their habitats <ul style="list-style-type: none">recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of waysexplore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environmentrecognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things. Animals, including humans <ul style="list-style-type: none">describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humansidentify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functionsconstruct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey. States of matter <ul style="list-style-type: none">compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gasesobserve that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C)identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature. Sound <ul style="list-style-type: none">identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibratingrecognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the earfind patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced itfind patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced itrecognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases. Electricity <ul style="list-style-type: none">identify common appliances that run on electricityconstruct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzersidentify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a batteryrecognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuitrecognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors.		
Geography Locational knowledge <ul style="list-style-type: none">key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major citiesname and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time Place knowledge <ul style="list-style-type: none">understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom Human and physical geography <ul style="list-style-type: none">describe and understand key aspects of:<ul style="list-style-type: none">physical geography,human geography, Geographical skills and fieldwork <ul style="list-style-type: none">use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studieduse symbols and key to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider worlduse fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact. History <ul style="list-style-type: none">changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Agea local history studythe achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following:: Ancient Egypt; Religious Education (Taken from WCC Agreed Syllabus) <ul style="list-style-type: none">ChristianitySpecial PeopleJudaismSpecial placesChristianityThe Search for meaning and purpose PSHE <ul style="list-style-type: none">Myself and My Relationships: Emotional Well-beingMyself and My Relationships: Managing RiskSafer Lifestyles: Dealing with BullyingSafer Lifestyles: Personal SafetyDrugs Education: Drugs and their usesDrugs Education: Keeping HealthyFeelings: Managing our feelingsGender Stereotypes: Mothers and FathersRelationships: Getting on with your familyKeeping Safe: Identifying riskOnline technology safety: Taking care online who can help us?Lifestyles: Me, myself and IMy Body: i)Sexual Parts Male ii)Sexual Parts FemaleMy Body: Periods (girls)Keeping Safe 9-11: i)Assertiveness saying no ii)People who can help me		MFL <ul style="list-style-type: none">listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and respondingexplore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of wordsengage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structuresdevelop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences*read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writingappreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the languagebroaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionarywrite phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearlydescribe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writingunderstand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English. Cooking and Nutrition <ul style="list-style-type: none">understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied dietprepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniquesunderstand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.			Art <ul style="list-style-type: none">to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideasto improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materialsabout great artists, architects and designers in history. Music <ul style="list-style-type: none">play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expressionimprovise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of musiclisten with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memoryuse and understand staff and other musical notationsappreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musiciansdevelop an understanding of the history of music DT Design <ul style="list-style-type: none">use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groupsgenerate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design Make <ul style="list-style-type: none">select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accuratelyselect from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities Evaluate <ul style="list-style-type: none">investigate and analyse a range of existing productsevaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their workunderstand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world Technical knowledge <ul style="list-style-type: none">apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structuresunderstand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors]apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products. PE <ul style="list-style-type: none">use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combinationplay competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defendingdevelop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balanceperform dances using a range of movement patternstake part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a teamcompare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best. Swimming and water safety <p>All schools must provide swimming instruction either in key stage 1 or key stage 2.</p> <p>In particular, pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metresuse a range of strokes effectively [for example, front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke]perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.				